SENATE BILL No. 594

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 5-2; IC 10-13; IC 11-13-3-4; IC 35-38-2-2.2; IC 36-2-13-5.7; IC 36-8-10-21.

Synopsis: Offenders of elder victims registry. Requires a person who: (1) has been convicted of a crime against a victim who is at least 65 years of age or adjudicated a delinquent for committing an act that would be a crime against a victim who is at least 65 years of age; and (2) resides, works, or attends school in Indiana; to register with a local law enforcement authority. Requires local law enforcement authorities to forward the registration information to the criminal justice institute. Requires the institute to establish and maintain an offenders of elder victims directory that includes the name of each offender who is required to register with a local law enforcement authority. Requires the institute to publish the directory on the Internet and make a paper copy of the directory available upon request. Requires sheriffs to jointly establish and maintain an offenders of elder victims web site. Specifies that the offenders of elder victims web site must include: (1) a recent photograph of every offender who has registered with a local law enforcement authority; (2) the home address of every offender; and (3) the information included in the institute's offenders of elder victims directory.

Effective: Upon passage; July 1, 2005.

Hershman

January 20, 2005, read first time and referred to Committee on Corrections, Criminal, and Civil Matters.



First Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2005)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2004 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

C

SENATE BILL No. 594

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning state and local administration.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 5-2-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
2	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 1. As used in this chapter:
3	"Criminal justice" includes activities concerning:
4	(1) the prevention or reduction of criminal offenses;
5	(2) the enforcement of criminal law;
6	(3) the apprehension, prosecution, and defense of persons accused
7	of crimes;
8	(4) the disposition of convicted persons, including corrections,
9	rehabilitation, probation, and parole; and
10	(5) the participation of members of the community in corrections.
11	"Entitlement jurisdictions" include the state and certain local
12	governmental units as defined in Section 402(a) of the Omnibus Act.
13	"Institute" means the Indiana criminal justice institute.
14	"Juvenile justice" includes activities concerning:
15	(1) the prevention or reduction of juvenile delinquency;
16	(2) the apprehension and adjudication of juvenile offenders;
17	(3) the disposition of juvenile offenders including protective



2005

IN 594—LS 7901/DI 69+

0

p

У

1	techniques and practices;	
2	(4) the prevention of child abuse and neglect; and	
3	(5) the discovery, protection, and disposition of children in need	
4	of services.	
5	"Juvenile Justice Act" means the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency	
6	Prevention Act of 1974 and any amendments made to that act.	
7	"Local governmental entities" include:	
8	(1) trial courts; and	
9	(2) political subdivisions (as defined in IC 36-1-2-13).	
10	"Offender" has the meaning set forth in:	
11	(1) IC 5-2-12-4; or	
12	(2) IC 5-2-12.5-2;	
13	as the context indicates.	
14	"Omnibus Act" means the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets	
15	Act of 1968 and any amendments made to that act.	
16	"Trustees" refers to the board of trustees of the institute.	
17	SECTION 2. IC 5-2-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
18	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. The institute is established to do	
19	the following:	
20	(1) Evaluate state and local programs associated with:	
21	(A) the prevention, detection, and solution of criminal	
22	offenses;	
23	(B) law enforcement; and	
24	(C) the administration of criminal and juvenile justice.	_
25	(2) Improve and coordinate all aspects of law enforcement,	
26	juvenile justice, and criminal justice in this state.	
27	(3) Stimulate criminal and juvenile justice research.	
28	(4) Develop new methods for the prevention and reduction of	V
29	crime.	
30	(5) Prepare applications for funds under the Omnibus Act and the	
31	Juvenile Justice Act.	
32	(6) Administer victim and witness assistance funds.	
33	(7) Administer the traffic safety functions assigned to the institute	
34	under IC 9-27-2.	
35	(8) Compile and analyze information and disseminate the	
36	information to persons who make criminal justice decisions in this	
37	state.	
38	(9) Serve as the criminal justice statistical analysis center for this	
39	state.	
40	(10) Establish and maintain:	
41	(A) in cooperation with the office of the secretary of family	
42	and social services, a sex and violent offender directory; and	



1	(B) an offenders of elder victims directory.
2	(11) Administer the application and approval process for
3	designating an area of a consolidated or second class city as a
4	public safety improvement area under IC 36-8-19.5.
5	(12) Prescribe or approve forms as required under:
6	(A) IC 5-2-12; and
7	(B) IC 5-2-12.5.
8	(13) Provide judges, law enforcement officers, prosecuting
9	attorneys, parole officers, and probation officers with information
0	and training concerning the requirements in:
1	(A) IC 5-2-12 and the use of the sex and violent offender
2	directory; and
3	(B) IC 5-2-12.5 and the use of the offenders of elder victims
4	directory.
.5	SECTION 3. IC 5-2-6-3.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
6	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
7	1, 2005]: Sec. 3.7. (a) The offenders of elder victims directory
8	established under section 3 of this chapter must include the names
9	of each offender who is or has been required to register under
0.0	IC 5-2-12.5.
21	(b) The institute shall do the following:
22	(1) Update the directory at least one (1) time every six (6)
23	months.
24	(2) Publish the directory on the Internet through the
2.5	computer gateway administered by the intelenet commission
.6	under IC 5-21-2 and known as accessIndiana.
27	(3) Maintain a hyperlink on the institute's computer web site
28	that permits users to connect to the Indiana sheriffs' offenders
.9	of elder victims registry web site established under
0	IC 36-2-13-5.7.
1	(4) Make a paper copy of the directory available upon
2	request.
3	(c) When the institute publishes on the Internet or distributes a
4	copy of the directory under subsection (b), the institute shall
5	include a notice using the following or similar language:
6	"Based on information submitted to the criminal justice
57	institute, a person whose name appears in this directory has
8	been convicted of committing a felony or misdemeanor
19	against a victim who is at least sixty-five (65) years of age or
10	who has been adjudicated a delinquent child for committing
1	an act that would be a felony or a misdemeanor if committed
-2	by an adult against a victim who is at least sixty-five (65)



1	years of age. ".	
2	SECTION 4. IC 5-2-6-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
3	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 14. (a) The victim and witness	
4	assistance fund is established. The institute shall administer the fund.	
5	Except as provided in subsection (e), expenditures from the fund may	
6	be made only in accordance with appropriations made by the general	
7	assembly.	
8	(b) The source of the victim and witness assistance fund is the	
9	family violence and victim assistance fund established by IC 12-18-5-2.	
10	(c) The institute may use money from the victim and witness	
11	assistance fund when awarding a grant or entering into a contract under	
12	this chapter, if the money is used for the support of a program in the	
13	office of a prosecuting attorney or in a state or local law enforcement	
14	agency designed to:	
15	(1) help evaluate the physical, emotional, and personal needs of	
16	a victim resulting from a crime, and counsel or refer the victim to	
17	those agencies or persons in the community that can provide the	,
18	services needed;	
19	(2) provide transportation for victims and witnesses of crime to	
20	attend proceedings in the case when necessary; or	
21	(3) provide other services to victims or witnesses of crime when	
22	necessary to enable them to participate in criminal proceedings	
23	without undue hardship or trauma.	
24	(d) Money in the victim and witness assistance fund at the end of a	
25	particular fiscal year does not revert to the general fund.	
26	(e) The institute may use money in the fund to:	
27	(1) pay the costs of administering the fund, including	`
28	expenditures for personnel and data;	
29	(2) establish and maintain the:	
30	(A) sex and violent offender directory under IC 5-2-12; and	
31	(B) offenders of elder victims directory under IC 5-2-12.5;	
32	and	
33	(3) provide training for persons to assist victims.	
34	SECTION 5. IC 5-2-12-15 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
35	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY	
36	1, 2005]: Sec. 15. If a person who is required to register under this	
37	chapter is also required to register under IC 5-2-12.5, the person	
38	shall register under both this chapter and IC 5-2-12.5.	
39	SECTION 6. IC 5-2-12.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
40 41	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]:	
41	JULY 1, 2005]: Chapter 12.5 Offenders of Elder Victims Posistration	



1	Con 1 An word in this shouten Himstitutell means the Indiana	
1	Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "institute" means the Indiana	
2	criminal justice institute established by IC 5-2-6-3.	
3	Sec. 2. (a) As used in this chapter, "offender" means:	
4	(1) a person who has been convicted of committing a felony or	
5	misdemeanor; or	
6	(2) a child who has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	
7	committing an act that would be a felony or a misdemeanor	
8	if committed by an adult;	
9	against a victim who is at least sixty-five (65) years of age.	4
.0	Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "registration form" means:	
1	(1) a form approved or prescribed by the institute; or	
2	(2) a form not approved or prescribed by the institute that:	
.3	(A) contains information required by the institute; and	
.4	(B) is completed in a manner approved or prescribed by the institute.	
5		
6	Sec. 4. (a) Subject to section 11 of this chapter, the following persons must register under this chapter:	
.7		
.8 .9	(1) An offender who resides in Indiana. An offender resides in	
	Indiana if either of the following applies: (A) The offender spends or intends to spend at least seven	
20 21	(7) days (including part of a day) in Indiana during a one	
22	hundred eighty (180) day period.	
23	(B) The offender owns real property in Indiana and	
.5 24	returns to Indiana at any time.	
25	(2) An offender not described in subdivision (1) who works or	
26	carries on a vocation or intends to work or carry on a	
27	vocation full time or part time for a period:	_
28	(A) exceeding fourteen (14) consecutive days; or	
29	(B) for a total period exceeding thirty (30) days;	\mathcal{L}
80	during any calendar year in Indiana, whether the offender is	
31	financially compensated, volunteered, or is acting for the	
32	purpose of government or educational benefit.	
3	(3) An offender not described in subdivision (1) who is	
34	enrolled or intends to be enrolled on a full time or part time	
55	basis in any public or private educational institution,	
6	including any secondary school, trade or professional	
37	institution, or institution of higher education in Indiana.	
8	(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), an offender who resides	
9	in Indiana shall register with the sheriff of the county where the	
10	offender resides. If an offender resides in more than one (1) county,	
1	the offender shall register with the sheriff of each county in which	
12	the offender resides. However, if an offender resides in a county	



having a consolida	ted city,	the offender	shall	register	with	the
police chief of the c	onsolida	ted city.				

- (c) An offender described in subsection (a)(2) shall register with the sheriff of the county where the offender is or intends to be employed or carry on a vocation. However, an offender described in subsection (a)(2) who is employed or intends to be employed or to carry on a vocation in a consolidated city shall register with the police chief of the consolidated city. If an offender is or intends to be employed or carry on a vocation in more than one (1) county, the offender shall register with the sheriff of each county. However, if an offender is employed or intends to be employed or to carry on a vocation in a county containing a consolidated city and another county, the offender shall register with the police chief of the consolidated city and the sheriff of the other county.
- (d) An offender described in subsection (a)(3) shall register with the sheriff of the county where the offender is enrolled or intends to be enrolled as a student. However, if an offender described in subsection (a)(3) is enrolled or intends to be enrolled as a student in a county containing a consolidated city, the offender shall register with the police chief of the consolidated city.
- (e) An offender described in subsection (a)(1)(B) shall register with the sheriff in the county in which the real property is located. However, if the offender owns real property in a county containing a consolidated city, the offender shall register with the police chief of the consolidated city.
- (f) An offender shall complete a registration form. Each sheriff or police chief of a consolidated city shall make the registration forms available to registrants.
- (g) The offender shall register not more than seven (7) days after the offender:
 - (1) is released from a penal facility (as defined in IC 35-41-1-21);
 - (2) is released from a secure private facility (as defined in IC 31-9-2-115);
 - (3) is released from a juvenile detention facility;
 - (4) is transferred to a community transition program;
 - (5) is placed on parole;
- (6) is placed on probation;
 - (7) is placed on home detention; or
- 40 (8) arrives at the place where the offender is required to register under subsection (b), (c), or (d);
- 42 whichever occurs first.



4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26 27

28

29

30

31

32

33 34

35

36 37

38

39





- (h) When an offender registers with a sheriff or the police chief of a consolidated city, the sheriff or police chief shall immediately notify the institute of the offender's registration by forwarding a copy of the registration form to the institute.
- (i) The sheriff with whom an offender registers under this section shall make and publish a photograph of an offender on the Indiana sheriffs' offenders of elder victims registry web site established under IC 36-2-13-5.7. The police chief of a consolidated city with whom an offender registers under this section shall make a photograph of the offender that complies with the requirements of IC 36-2-13-5.7 and transmit the photograph (and other identifying information required by IC 36-2-13-5.7) to the Indiana sheriffs' offenders of elder victims registry web site established under IC 36-2-13-5.7. Every time an offender submits a new registration form to the police chief of a consolidated city, but at least once per year, the police chief shall make a photograph of the offender that complies with the requirements of IC 36-2-13-5.7. The police chief of a consolidated city shall transmit the photograph and a copy of the registration form to the Indiana sheriffs' offenders of elder victims registry web site established under IC 36-2-13-5.7. The sheriff of a county containing a consolidated city shall provide the police chief of a consolidated city with all photographic and computer equipment necessary to enable the police chief of the consolidated city to transmit offender photographs (and other identifying information required by IC 36-2-13-5.7) to the Indiana sheriffs' offenders of elder victims registry web site established under IC 36-2-13-5.7. In addition, the sheriff of a county containing a consolidated city shall provide all funding for the county's financial obligation for the establishment and maintenance of the Indiana sheriff's offenders of elder victims registry web site established under IC 36-2-13-5.7.
- (j) When an offender completes a new registration form, the sheriff or police chief of a consolidated city shall:
 - (1) forward a copy of the new registration form to the institute; and
 - (2) notify every law enforcement agency having jurisdiction in the area where the offender resides.
- Sec. 5. The registration required under this chapter must include the following information:
 - (1) The offender's full name, alias, any name by which the offender was previously known, date of birth, sex, race, height, weight, hair color, eye color, Social Security number,



3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

3637

38

39

40

41

42









1	driver's license number, and home address.
2	(2) A description of the offense for which the offender was
3	convicted, the date of conviction, the county of the conviction,
4	the cause number of the conviction, and the sentence imposed,
5	if applicable.
6	(3) If the person is required to register under section 4(a)(2)
7	or 4(a)(3) of this chapter, the name and address of each of the
8	offender's employers in Indiana, the name and address of
9	each campus or location where the offender is enrolled in
10	school in Indiana, and the address where the offender stays or
11	intends to stay while in Indiana.
12	(4) A recent photograph of the offender.
13	(5) Any other information required by the institute.
14	Sec. 6. (a) Not more than fourteen (14) days before an Indiana
15	offender who is required to register under this chapter is scheduled
16	to be released from a correctional facility (as defined in
17	IC 4-13.5-1-1), transferred to a community transition or
18	community corrections program, transferred to the jurisdiction of
19	a sentencing court or probation office for a term of probation after
20	being confined in a facility, released from any other penal facility
21	(as defined in IC 35-41-1-21), released from a secure private
22	facility (as defined in IC 31-9-2-115), or released from a juvenile
23	detention facility, an official of the facility shall do the following:
24	(1) Orally inform the offender of the offender's duty to
25	register under this chapter and require the offender to sign a
26	written statement that the offender was orally informed or, if
27	the offender refuses to sign the statement, certify that the
28	offender was orally informed of the duty to register.
29	(2) Deliver a registration form advising the offender of the
30	offender's duty to register under this chapter and require the
31	offender to sign a written statement that the offender received
32	the written notice or, if the offender refuses to sign the
33	statement, certify that the offender was given the written
34	notice of the duty to register.
35	(3) Obtain the address where the offender expects to reside
36	after the offender's release.
37	(4) Inform in writing on a form or in the form prescribed or
38	approved by the institute the sheriff having jurisdiction in the
39	county or the police chief having jurisdiction in the
40	consolidated city where the offender expects to reside of the
41	offender's name, date of release or transfer, new address, and
42	the offense or delinquent act committed by the offender.



1	(b) Not more than three (3) days after an offender who is
2	required to register under this chapter is released or transferred
3	as described in subsection (a), an official of the facility shall
4	transmit to the state police the following:
5	(1) The offender's fingerprints, photograph, and identification
6	factors.
7	(2) The address where the offender expects to reside after the
8	offender's release.
9	(3) The complete criminal history data (as defined in
10	IC 10-13-3-5) or, if the offender committed a delinquent act,
11	juvenile history data (as defined in IC 10-13-4-4) of the
12	offender.
13	(4) Information regarding the offender's past treatment for
14	mental disorders.
15	(c) This subsection applies if an offender is placed on probation
16	or in a community corrections program without confining the
17	offender in a penal facility. The probation office serving the court
18	in which the offender is sentenced shall perform the duties
19	required under subsections (a) and (b).
20	Sec. 7. (a) If an offender who is required to register under this
21	chapter changes:
22	(1) home address; or
23	(2) if section $4(a)(2)$ or $4(a)(3)$ of this chapter applies, the
24	place where the offender stays in Indiana;
25	the offender shall complete and submit a new registration form not
26	more than seven (7) days after the address change to the sheriff or
27	the police chief with whom the offender last registered.
28	(b) If the offender moves to a new county in Indiana, the sheriff
29	or the police chief referred to in subsection (a) shall inform the
30	sheriff in the new county or the police chief of the consolidated city,
31	if the county has a consolidated city, in Indiana of the offender's
32	residence by forwarding to the sheriff or the police chief in the new
33	county a copy of the registration form. The sheriff or the police
34	chief receiving the notice under this subsection shall verify the
35	address of the offender under section 8 of this chapter within seven
36	(7) days after receiving the notice.
37	(c) If an offender who is required to register under section
38	4(a)(2) or 4(a)(3) of this chapter changes the offender's principal
39	place of employment, principal place of vocation, or campus or
40	location where the offender is enrolled in school, the offender shall
41	submit a new registration form not more than seven (7) days after
42	the change to the sheriff or the police chief of a consolidated city



1	with whom the offender last registered.
2	(d) If an offender moves the offender's place of employment,
3	vocation, or enrollment to a new county in Indiana, the sheriff or
4	the police chief of a consolidated city referred to in subsection (c)
5	shall inform the sheriff in the new county in Indiana or the police
6	chief of the consolidated city, if the county has a consolidated city,
7	of the offender's new principal place of employment, vocation, or
8	enrollment by forwarding a copy of the registration form to the
9	sheriff or the police chief of the consolidated city in the new county.
10	(e) If an offender moves the offender's residence, place of
11	employment, or enrollment to a new state, the sheriff or the police
12	chief of the consolidated city shall inform the state police in the
13	new state of the offender's new place of residence, employment, or
14	enrollment.
15	(f) A sheriff or police chief of a consolidated city shall make the
16	forms required under this section available to registrants.
17	(g) A sheriff or police chief of a consolidated city who is notified
18	of a change under subsection (a) or (c) shall immediately notify the
19	institute of the change by forwarding a copy of the registration
20	form to the institute.
21	Sec. 8. (a) To verify an offender's current residence, the sheriff
22	(or the police chief of a consolidated city) shall mail each offender
23	a registration form to the offender's listed address at least one (1)
24	time per year, beginning seven (7) days after the date the offender
25	is:
26	(1) released from a penal facility (as defined in IC 35-41-1-21),
27	a secure private facility (as defined in IC 31-9-2-115), or a
28	juvenile detention facility;
29	(2) placed in a community transition program;
30	(3) placed in a community corrections program;
31	(4) placed on parole; or
32	(5) placed on probation;
33	whichever occurs first.
34	(b) If an offender fails to return a signed registration form
35	either by mail or in person, the sheriff (or the police chief of a
36	consolidated city) shall immediately notify the institute and the
37	prosecuting attorney.
38	Sec. 9. (a) An offender who is required to register under this
39	chapter may not petition for a change of name under IC 34-28-2.
40	(b) If an offender who is required to register under this chapter
41	changes the offender's name due to marriage, the offender must
42	notify the county sheriff (or the police chief of a consolidated city)



1	by completing a registration form not more than thirty (30) days
2	after the name change.
3	Sec. 10. An offender who knowingly or intentionally:
4	(1) fails to register under this chapter; or
5	(2) fails to complete and submit a new registration form as
6	required under section 7(a) of this chapter;
7	commits a Class D felony. However, the offense is a Class C felony
8	if the offender has a prior unrelated offense under this section.
9	Sec. 11. An offender's duty to register under this chapter expires
10	ten (10) years after the date the offender:
11	(1) is released from a penal facility (as defined in
12	IC 35-41-1-21) or a secure juvenile detention facility of a state
13	or another jurisdiction;
14	(2) is placed in a community transition program;
15	(3) is placed in a community corrections program;
16	(4) is placed on parole; or
17	(5) is placed on probation;
18	whichever occurs last.
19	Sec. 12. If a person who is required to register under this
20	chapter is also required to register under IC 5-2-12, the person
21	shall register under both this chapter and IC 5-2-12.
22	SECTION 7. IC 10-13-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 5. (a) As used in this
24	chapter, "criminal history data" means information collected by
25	criminal justice agencies, the United States Department of Justice for
26	the department's information system, or individuals.
27	(b) The term consists of the following:
28	(1) Identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, indictments,
29	informations, or other formal criminal charges.
30	(2) Information regarding:
31	(A) a sex and violent offender (as defined in IC 5-2-12-4)
32	obtained through sex and violent offender registration under
33	IC 5-2-12; and
34	(B) an offender (as defined in IC 5-2-12.5-2) obtained
35	through the offenders of elder victims registration under
36	IC 5-2-12.5.
37	(3) Any disposition, including sentencing, and correctional system
38	intake, transfer, and release.
39	SECTION 8. IC 10-13-3-27 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
40	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 27. (a) Except as
41	provided in subsection (b), on request, law enforcement agencies shall
42	release or allow inspection of a limited criminal history to noncriminal



1	justice organizations or individuals only if the subject of the request:
2	(1) has applied for employment with a noncriminal justice
3	organization or individual;
4	(2) has applied for a license and criminal history data as required
5	by law to be provided in connection with the license;
6	(3) is a candidate for public office or a public official;
7	(4) is in the process of being apprehended by a law enforcement
8	agency;
9	(5) is placed under arrest for the alleged commission of a crime;
10	(6) has charged that the subject's rights have been abused
11	repeatedly by criminal justice agencies;
12	(7) is the subject of a judicial decision or determination with
13	respect to the setting of bond, plea bargaining, sentencing, or
14	probation;
15	(8) has volunteered services that involve contact with, care of, or
16	supervision over a child who is being placed, matched, or
17	monitored by a social services agency or a nonprofit corporation;
18	(9) has volunteered services at a public school (as defined in
19	IC 20-10.1-1-2) or nonpublic school (as defined in
20	IC 20-10.1-1-3) that involve contact with, care of, or supervision
21	over a student enrolled in the school;
22	(10) is being investigated for welfare fraud by an investigator of
23	the division of family and children or a county office of family
24	and children;
25	(11) is being sought by the parent locator service of the child
26	support bureau of the division of family and children;
27	(12) is or was required to register as:
28	(A) a sex and violent offender under IC 5-2-12; or
29	(B) an offender of elder victims under IC 5-2-12.5; or
30	(13) has been convicted of any of the following:
31	(A) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1), if the victim is less than eighteen
32	(18) years of age.
33	(B) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2), if the victim is
34	less than eighteen (18) years of age.
35	(C) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).
36	(D) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b)).
37	(E) Possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c)).
38	(F) Vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5).
39	(G) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).
40	(H) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).
41	(I) Sexual misconduct with a minor as a felony (IC 35-42-4-9).
42	(J) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3), if the victim is less than eighteen



1	(18) years of age.
2	However, limited criminal history information obtained from the
3	National Crime Information Center may not be released under this
4	section except to the extent permitted by the Attorney General of the
5	United States.
6	(b) A law enforcement agency shall allow inspection of a limited
7	criminal history by and release a limited criminal history to the
8	following noncriminal justice organizations:
9	(1) Federally chartered or insured banking institutions.
0	(2) Officials of state and local government for any of the
1	following purposes:
2	(A) Employment with a state or local governmental entity.
3	(B) Licensing.
4	(3) Segments of the securities industry identified under 15 U.S.C.
.5	78q(f)(2).
6	(c) Any person who uses limited criminal history for any purpose
7	not specified under this section commits a Class A misdemeanor.
. 8	SECTION 9. IC 10-13-3-30 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 30. (a) Except as
20	provided in subsection (c), on request for release or inspection of a
21	limited criminal history, law enforcement agencies may, if the agency
22	has complied with the reporting requirements in section 24 of this
23	chapter, and the department shall do the following:
24	(1) Require a form, provided by law enforcement agencies and the
25	department, to be completed. The form shall be maintained for
26	two (2) years and shall be available to the record subject upon
27	request.
28	(2) Collect a three dollar (\$3) fee to defray the cost of processing
29	a request for inspection.
0	(3) Collect a seven dollar (\$7) fee to defray the cost of processing
31	a request for release. However, law enforcement agencies and the
32	department may not charge the fee for requests received from the
33	parent locator service of the child support bureau of the division
34	of family and children.
35	(b) Law enforcement agencies and the department shall edit
66	information so that the only information released or inspected is
37	information that:
8	(1) has been requested; and
19	(2) is limited criminal history information.
10	(c) The fee required under subsection (a) shall be waived if the
1	request:
12	(1) relates to the:



1	(A) sex and violent offender directory; or	
2	(B) offenders of elder victims directory;	
3	under IC 5-2-6; or	
4	(2) concerns a person required to register as:	
5	(A) a sex and violent offender under IC 5-2-12; or	
6	(B) an offender of elder victims under IC 5-2-12.5.	
7	SECTION 10. IC 10-13-4-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
8	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4. As used in this	
9	chapter, "juvenile history data" means information collected by	
10	criminal or juvenile justice agencies or individuals about a child who	
11	is alleged to have committed a reportable act and consists of the	
12	following:	
13	(1) Descriptions and notations of events leading to the taking of	
14	the child into custody by a juvenile justice agency for a reportable	
15	act allegedly committed by the child.	
16	(2) A petition alleging that the child is a delinquent child.	
17	(3) Dispositional decrees concerning the child that are entered	
18	under IC 31-37-19 (or IC 31-6-4-15.9 before its repeal).	
19	(4) The findings of a court determined after a hearing is held	
20	under IC 31-37-20-2 or IC 31-37-20-3 (or IC 31-6-4-19(h) or	
21	IC 31-6-4-19(i) before their repeal) concerning the child.	
22	(5) Information:	
23	(A) regarding a child who has been adjudicated a delinquent	
24	child for committing an act that would be an offense described	
25	in IC 5-2-12-4 if committed by an adult; and	
26	(B) that is obtained through sex and violent offender	,
27	registration under IC 5-2-12.	
28	(6) Information:	
29	(A) regarding a child who:	
30	(i) has been adjudicated a delinquent child for	
31	committing an act that would be a felony or	
32	misdemeanor if committed by and adult; and	
33	(ii) is required to register under IC 5-2-12.5; and	
34	(B) that is obtained through the offenders of elder victims	
35	directory under IC 5-2-12.5.	
36	SECTION 11. IC 11-13-3-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
37	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4. (a) A condition to	
38	remaining on parole is that the parolee not commit a crime during the	
39 40	period of parole.	
40	(b) The parole board may also adopt, under IC 4-22-2, additional	
41	conditions to remaining on parole and require a parolee to satisfy one	
42	(1) or more of these conditions. These conditions must be reasonably	



1	related to the parolee's successful reintegration into the community and
2	not unduly restrictive of a fundamental right.
3	(c) If a person is released on parole the parolee shall be given a
4	written statement of the conditions of parole. Signed copies of this
5	statement shall be:
6	(1) retained by the parolee;
7	(2) forwarded to any person charged with the parolee's
8	supervision; and
9	(3) placed in the parolee's master file.
10	(d) The parole board may modify parole conditions if the parolee
11	receives notice of that action and had ten (10) days after receipt of the
12	notice to express the parolee's views on the proposed modification.
13	This subsection does not apply to modification of parole conditions
14	after a revocation proceeding under section 10 of this chapter.
15	(e) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
16	parolee to reside in a particular parole area. In determining a parolee's
17	residence requirement, the parole board shall:
18	(1) consider:
19	(A) the residence of the parolee prior to the parolee's
20	incarceration; and
21	(B) the parolee's place of employment; and
22	(2) assign the parolee to reside in the county where the parolee
23	resided prior to the parolee's incarceration unless assignment on
24	this basis would be detrimental to the parolee's successful
25	reintegration into the community.
26	(f) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
27	parolee to:
28	(1) periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined in
29	IC 14-15-8-1) or series of tests to detect and confirm the presence
30	of a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); and
31	(2) have the results of any test under this subsection reported to
32	the parole board by the laboratory.
33	The parolee is responsible for any charges resulting from a test
34	required under this subsection. However, a person's parole may not be
35	revoked on the basis of the person's inability to pay for a test under this
36	subsection.
37	(g) As a condition of parole, the parole board:
38	(1) may require a parolee who is a sex and violent offender (as
39	defined in IC 5-2-12-4) to:
40	(A) participate in a treatment program for sex offenders
41	approved by the parole board; and
42	(B) avoid contact with any person who is less than sixteen (16)



1	years of age unless the parolee:	
2	(i) receives the parole board's approval; or	
3	(ii) successfully completes the treatment program referred to	
4	in clause (A); and	
5	(2) shall:	
6	(A) require a parolee who is an offender (as defined in	
7	IC 5-2-12-4) to register with a sheriff (or the police chief of a	
8	consolidated city) under IC 5-2-12-5;	
9	(B) prohibit the offender from residing within one thousand	
.0	(1,000) feet of school property (as defined in IC 35-41-1-24.7)	
.1	for the period of parole, unless the offender obtains written	
2	approval from the parole board; and	
.3	(C) prohibit a parolee who is an offender convicted of a sex	
4	offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) from residing within	
.5	one (1) mile of the victim of the offender's sex offense unless	
6	the offender obtains a waiver under IC 35-38-2-2.5; and	
7	(3) shall require a parolee who is an offender (as defined in	
. 8	IC 5-2-12.5-2) to register with a sheriff (or the police chief of	
9	a consolidated city) under IC 5-2-12.5;	
20	If the parole board allows the offender to reside within one thousand	
21	(1,000) feet of school property under subdivision (2)(B), the parole	
22	board shall notify each school within one thousand (1,000) feet of the	
23	offender's residence of the order.	
24	(h) The address of the victim of a parolee who is an offender	
2.5	convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) is	
26	confidential, even if the offender obtains a waiver under	
27	IC 35-38-2-2.5.	
28	SECTION 12. IC 35-38-2-2.2 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
29	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2.2. (a) As a condition	
80	of probation for an offender (as defined in IC 5-2-12-4), the court shall:	
51	(1) require the offender to register with the sheriff (or the police	
32	chief of a consolidated city) under IC 5-2-12-5; and	
3	(2) prohibit the offender from residing within one thousand	
34	(1,000) feet of school property (as defined in IC 35-41-1-24.7) for	
55	the period of probation, unless the offender obtains written	
6	approval from the court.	
57	If the court allows the offender to reside within one thousand (1,000)	
8	feet of school property under subdivision (2), the court shall notify each	
19	school within one thousand (1,000) feet of the offender's residence of	
10	the order.	
1	(b) As a condition of probation for an offender (as defined in	
12	IC 5-2-12.5-2), the court shall require the offender to register with	



1	the sheriff (or the police chief of a consolidated city) under	
2	IC 5-2-12.5.	
3	SECTION 13. IC 36-2-13-5.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
4	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 5.7. (a) The sheriffs shall jointly	
6	establish and maintain an offenders of elder victims web site,	
7	known as the Indiana sheriffs' offenders of elder victims registry,	
8	to inform the general public about the identity, location, and	
9	appearance of every offender (as defined in IC 5-2-12.5-2) residing	
10	within Indiana. The web site must provide information regarding	
11	each offender, organized by county of residence. The web site shall	
12	be updated at least every seven (7) days.	
13	(b) The offenders of elder victims web site must include the	
14	following information:	
15	(1) A recent photograph of every offender who has registered	
16	with a sheriff under IC 5-2-12.5.	
17	(2) The home address of every offender.	
18	(3) The information required to be included in the offenders	
19	of elder victims directory under IC 5-2-12.5.	
20	(c) Every time an offender submits a new registration form to	
21	the sheriff, but at least one (1) time per year, the sheriff shall	
22	photograph the offender. The sheriff shall place this photograph on	
23	the offenders of elder victims web site.	
24	(d) The photograph of an offender described in subsection (c)	
25	must meet the following requirements:	
26	(1) The photograph must be full face, front view, with a plain	
27	white or off-white background.	
28	(2) The image of the offender's face, measured from the	
29	bottom of the chin to the top of the head, must fill at least	
30	seventy-five percent (75%) of the photograph.	
31	(3) The photograph must be in color.	
32	(4) The photograph must show the offender dressed in normal	
33	street attire without a hat or headgear that obscures the hair	
34	or hairline.	
35	(5) If the offender normally and consistently wears	
36	prescription glasses, a hearing device, a wig, or a similar	
37	article, the photograph must show the offender wearing that	
38	item or those items. A photograph may not include dark	
39	glasses or nonprescription glasses with tinted lenses unless the	

offender can provide a medical certificate demonstrating that

(6) The photograph must have sufficient resolution to permit

tinted lenses are required for medical reasons.



40

41

1	the offender to be easily identified by a person accessing the
2	offenders of elder victims web site.
3	(e) The offenders of elder victims web site may be funded from:
4	(1) the jail commissary fund (IC 36-8-10-21);
5	(2) a grant from the criminal justice institute; and
6	(3) any other source, subject to the approval of the county
7	fiscal body.
8	SECTION 14. IC 36-8-10-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
9	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 21. (a) This section
10	applies to any county that has a jail commissary that sells merchandise
11	to inmates.
12	(b) A jail commissary fund is established, referred to in this section
13	as "the fund". The fund is separate from the general fund, and money
14	in the fund does not revert to the general fund.
15	(c) The sheriff, or his designee, shall deposit all money from
16	commissary sales into the fund, which he shall keep in a depository
17	designated under IC 5-13-8.
18	(d) The sheriff, or his designee, at his discretion and without
19	appropriation by the county fiscal body, may disburse money from the
20	fund for:
21	(1) merchandise for resale to inmates through the commissary;
22	(2) expenses of operating the commissary, including, but not
23	limited to, facilities and personnel;
24	(3) special training in law enforcement for employees of the
25	sheriff's department;
26	(4) equipment installed in the county jail;
27	(5) equipment, including vehicles and computers, computer
28	software, communication devices, office machinery and
29	furnishings, cameras and photographic equipment, animals,
30	animal training, holding and feeding equipment and supplies, or
31	attire used by an employee of the sheriff's department in the
32	course of the employee's official duties;
33	(6) an activity provided to maintain order and discipline among
34	the inmates of the county jail;
35	(7) an activity or program of the sheriff's department intended to
36	reduce or prevent occurrences of criminal activity, including the
37	following:
38	(A) Substance abuse.
39	(B) Child abuse.
40	(C) Domestic violence.
41	(D) Drinking and driving.
12.	(E) Juvenile delinguency:



1	(8) expenses related to the establishment, operation, or	
2	maintenance of the:	
3	(A) sex offender web site under IC 36-2-13-5.5; or	
4	(B) offenders of elder victims web site under	
5	IC 36-2-13-5.7; or	
6	(9) any other purpose that benefits the sheriff's department that is	
7	mutually agreed upon by the county fiscal body and the county	
8	sheriff.	
9	Money disbursed from the fund under this subsection must be	
10	supplemental or in addition to, rather than a replacement for, regular	
11	appropriations made to carry out the purposes listed in subdivisions (1)	
12	through (8).	
13	(e) The sheriff shall maintain a record of the fund's receipts and	
14	disbursements. The state board of accounts shall prescribe the form for	
15	this record. The sheriff shall semiannually provide a copy of this record	_
16	of receipts and disbursements to the county fiscal body. The	
17	semiannual reports are due on July 1 and December 31 of each year.	
18	SECTION 15. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] (a) Before	
19	January 1, 2006, the Indiana criminal justice institute shall compile	
20	data necessary to establish the offenders of elder victims registry	
21	under IC 5-2-12.5, as added by this act. The registry must include	
22	the names of all offenders (as defined in IC 5-2-12.5-2). The	
23	following sources of conviction information may be used:	
24	(1) Indiana prosecuting attorney council files.	_
25	(2) Indiana state police department files.	
26	(3) Department of correction files.	
27	(4) Division of state court administration files.	
28	(5) Other reliable sources of conviction information.	V
29	(b) This SECTION expires January 2, 2006.	
30	SECTION 16. An emergency is declared for this act.	

